



UNIVERSITY OF
RICHMOND

Welcome to CMSC 105!

CMSC 105 Elementary Programming



CMSC 105

Elementary Programming

Acknowledgement: These slides are adapted from slides provided with "Introduction to Programming Using Python, Liang (Pearson 2013)" and slides shared by Dr. Jory Denny and Dr. Shweta Ware

Outline

Introductions

Syllabus

What is Computer Science and Computing?

Introduction to Python Programming

Dr. David Balash



Professor Balash

“Ba-lish”

He/Him

- BS in computer engineering Iowa State
- Two-decade career as a software engineer
- MS and PhD in computer science from GW
- Research: Computer S&P

Faculty page: <https://cs.richmond.edu/faculty/dbalash>

Homepage: <https://davidbalash.github.io>

Dr. David Balash



Things I like

- 🎓 Education/Learning
- 🚶 Hiking
- 🚴 Cycling
- 🎸 Guitars
- ♟ Board games
- 💻 Programming
- 🐱 Cats

Assignment 1

Task: Create a personal introduction slide and post it to the **introductions** channel on the course Slack workspace

Due: Friday

Points: 5

Be Creative

Name

Dr. David Balash

Photo



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Pronunciation

Pronouns



Personal Introduction

Classroom Meet and Greet

1. Introduce yourself to a person near you
 2. Introduce yourself to a different person near you
- Potential conversation topics:
 - What are some of the things that you like?
 - Who are your favorite pets?
 - Why do you want to take this class?



Student Introductions

- Name
- Pronouns (optional)
- Major
- Class year
- Favorite snack food



Syllabus

- <https://cmssc105-f24.github.io>
- Schedule
- Course outline
- Assignments and grading
- Policies





I hope you enjoy this class!

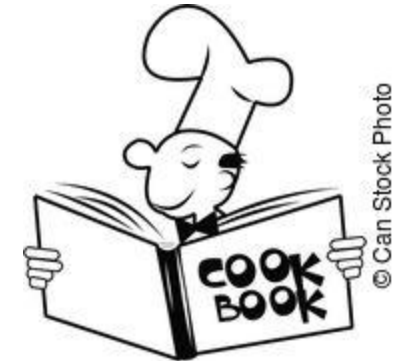
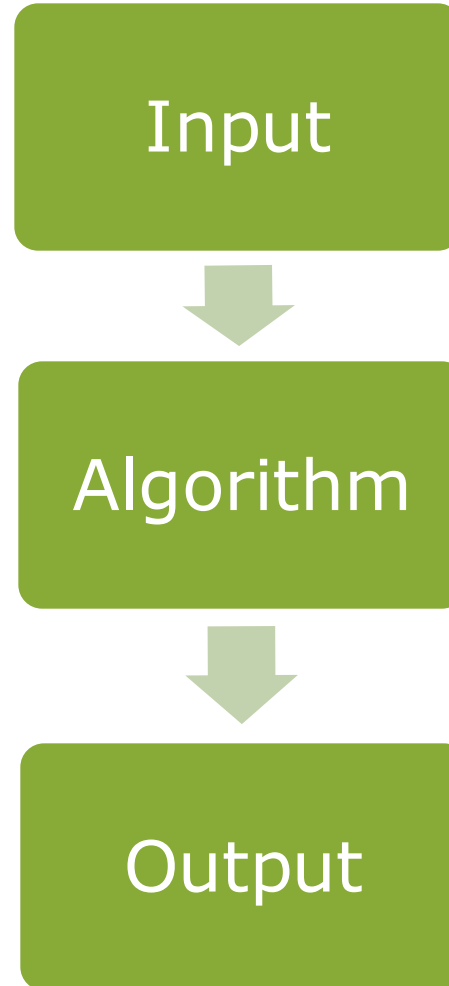
What is Computer Science and Computing?

Computer Science

- **Your thoughts?**
- Google: "The study of the principles and use of computers"
- Wikipedia: "The scientific and practical approach to computation and its applications"
- Dictionary.com: "The science that deals with the theory and methods of processing information in digital computers, the design of computer hardware and software, and the applications of computers"
- Edsgar Dijkstra: "Computer Science is no more about computers than astronomy is about telescopes"

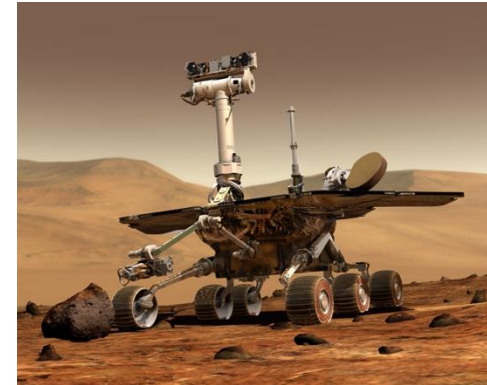
Computer Science

- Study of algorithms
- Study of computing tools
- It is not just:
 - Programming
 - Microsoft office
 - Typing
 - Electronics
 - Etc.

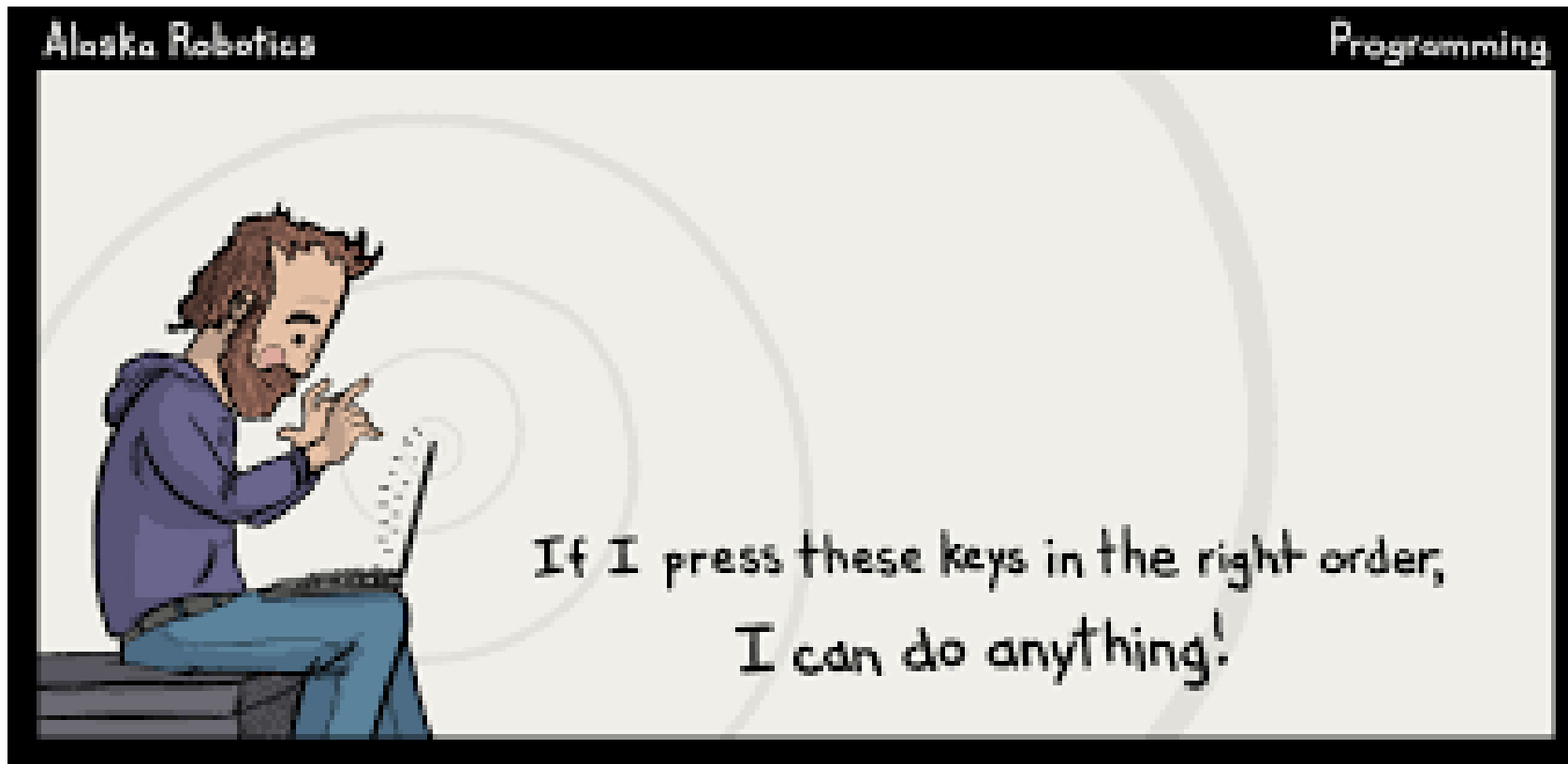


Programming

- Even though computer science is not about the computer, we still need to tell the computer what to do!
- We do this through **programming**, or the act of writing a **computer program**, known as **software** – its just instructions to the computer
- Programming allows us to push the boundaries of science, view imaginary worlds, and improve our daily lives!



Programming



The Recipe-Cook-Dish Analogy

Program = Recipe

Laptop = Cook

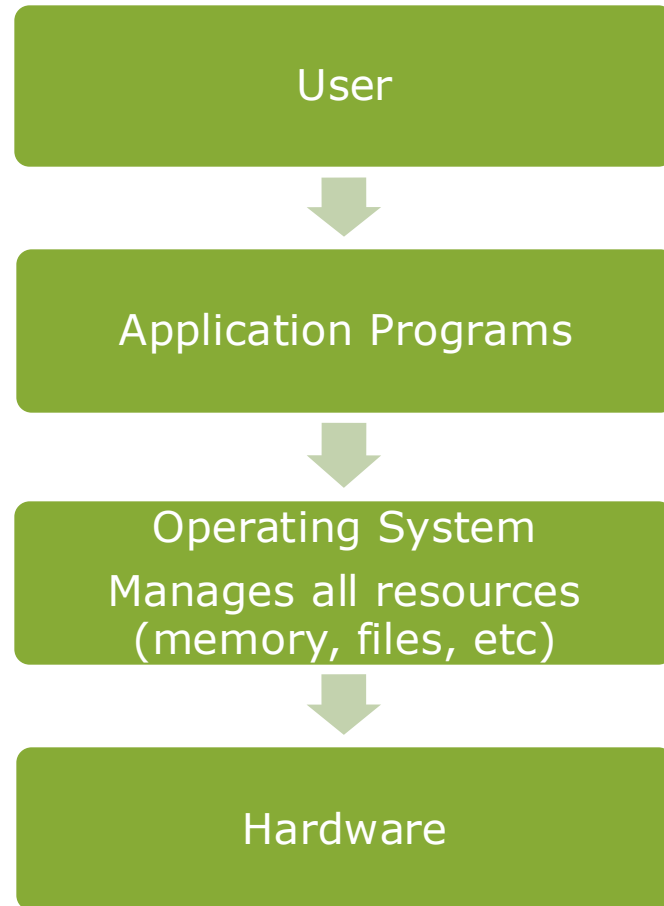
Results = Dish
(the program's output)

A Brief Note on Programming Languages

- Machine code – 0's and 1's...or simple commands. It is the set of primitive instructions built into the computer's architecture or circuits. Extremely tedious and error prone
- Assembly code – simple commands (ADD ra rb rc) to make programming easier to understand. An assembler translates the commands to machine code. Extremely tedious but less error prone.
- High level languages – English-like commands that allow programming to be less tedious, less error prone, and much more expressive! Examples: Java, C++, Matlab, etc
- Why we don't use Natural language (English) – Its ambiguous...which vs which or break vs break or run vs run...ah the madness!!!!

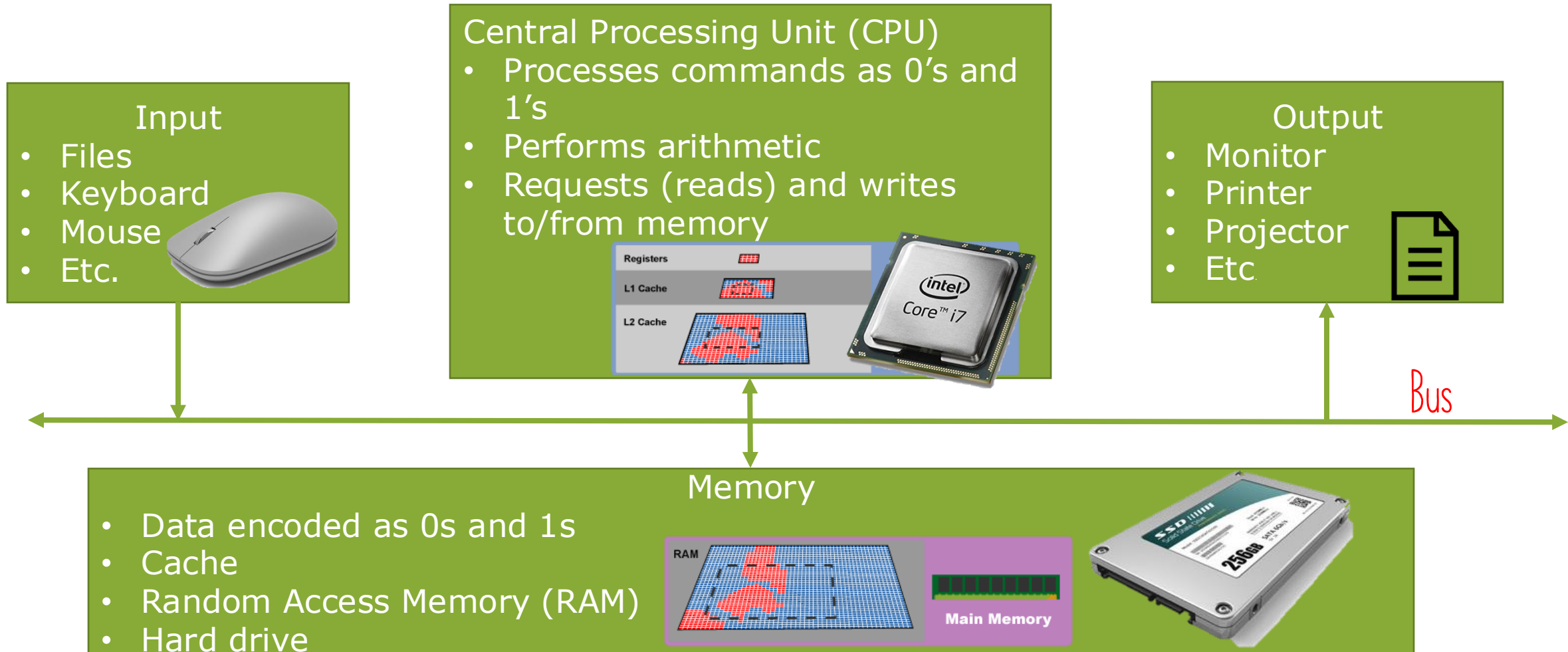
Computer Organization

A Software Perspective

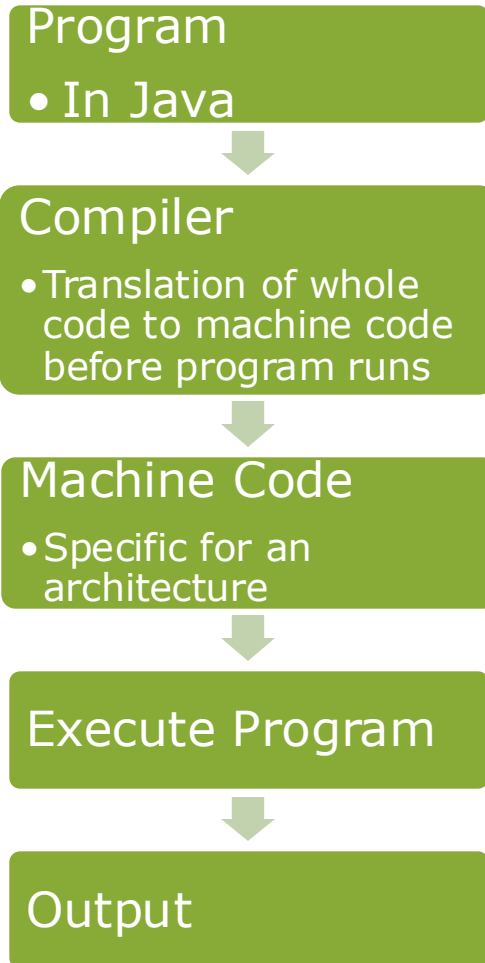


Computer Organization

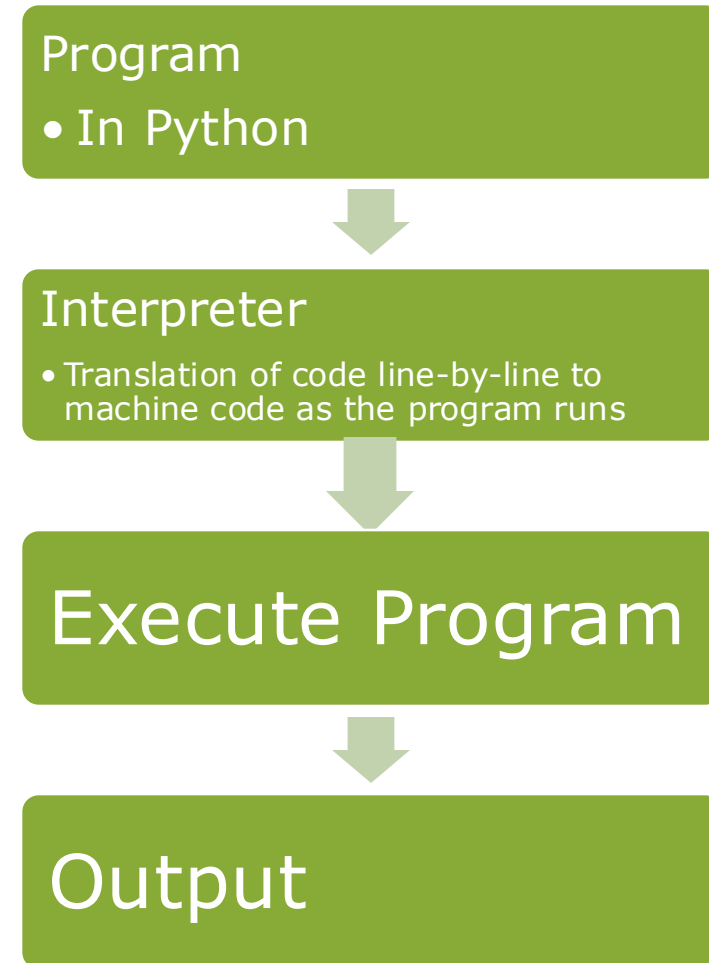
A Hardware Perspective



Compiling a High-Level Program



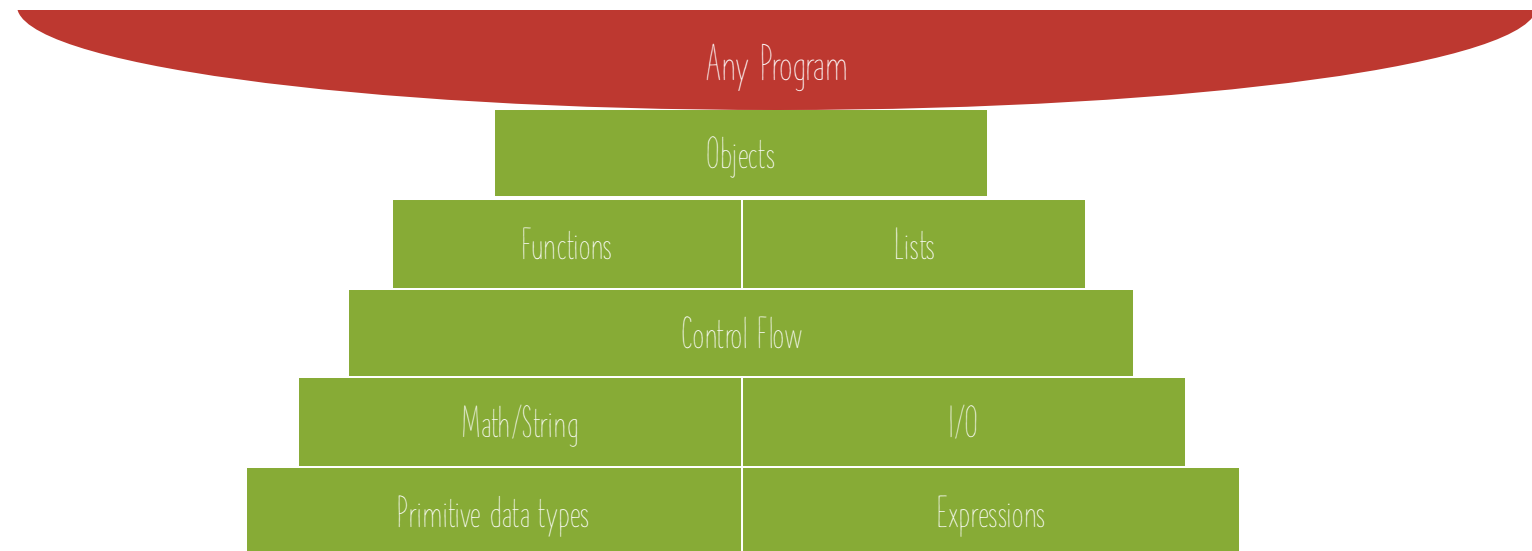
Using a compiler



Using an interpreter

How Do We Program the Computer?

- We will use **Python**
 - NOTE – This is an arbitrary choice. All languages build on the same basic building blocks discussed in the course. So Python is merely the vessel to our exploration of computing!
- Major concepts:



Why Python?

- Python
 - Widely used.
 - Widely available.
 - Embraces full set of modern abstractions.
 - Variety of automatic checks for mistakes in programs.
- Our study will
 - Use a minimal subset of Python.
 - Develop general programming skills that are applicable to many languages.
 - **IT IS NOT ABOUT THE LANGUAGE!!!**

“There are only two kinds of programming languages: those people always [gripe] about and those nobody uses.”

– Bjarne Stroustrup



Python2 vs Python3

- We will specifically use Python3 in this class. Please install the latest Python version from [this](#) link.
- Many resources online teach/use Python2
- Python3 is not backwards compatible, so be careful with using online resources



Next
Topic

Introduction to Programming



Thank you!
Questions?
